

Atty. Docket No. YOR920000390US1
(590.023)

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1-15. (Cancelled)

16. (Currently Amended) ~~The method according to Claim 3, A method of providing speaker adaptation in speech recognition, said method comprising the steps of:~~

providing at least one speech recognition model;

accepting speaker data;

generating a word lattice having a plurality of paths based on the speaker data, wherein the step of generating the word lattice comprises considering language model probabilities by incorporating the language model probabilities into a transition probability; and

adapting at least one of the speaker data and the at least one speech recognition model with respect to the generated word lattice in a manner to maximize the likelihood of the speaker data,

wherein said step of generating a word lattice comprises generating a maximum a-posteriori probability word lattice,

wherein said step of generating a maximum a-posteriori probability word lattice comprises:

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determining posterior state occupancy probabilities for each state in the speaker data at each time:

determining posterior word occupancy probabilities by summing over all states interior to each word in the speaker data; and

determining at least one likeliest word at each frame of the speaker data,

wherein said step of determining posterior state occupancy probabilities for each state in the speaker data at each time comprises the use of the following formula:

$$P(S_t = s | y_i^T) = \frac{\alpha'_s \beta'_s}{P(y_i^T)}$$

where $\alpha'_s = P(y_i^T, S_t=s)$ and $\beta'_s = P(y_{t+1}^T / S_t=s)$ for states s and a set of observations T , and where y_i^T represents T observation frames of adaptation data.

17. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 16, wherein said step of determining posterior word occupancy probabilities by summing over all states interior to each word in the speaker data comprises a determination using the following formula at each time frame:

$$\sum_{s \in w_i} \frac{\alpha'_s \beta'_s}{P(y_i^T)}$$

where w_i is the set of states in word W_i .

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18. (Currently Amended) ~~The method according to Claim 10, An apparatus for providing speaker adaptation in speech recognition, said apparatus comprising:~~

at least one speech recognition model;

an accepting arrangement which accepts speaker data;

a lattice generator which generates a word lattice having a plurality of paths based on the speaker data, wherein the generation of the word lattice comprises consideration of language model probabilities by incorporating the language model probabilities into a transition probability; and

a processing arrangement which adapts at least one of the speaker data and the at least one speech recognition model with respect to the generated word lattice in a manner to maximize the likelihood of the speaker data,

wherein said generator is adapted to generate a maximum a-posteriori probability word lattice,

wherein said generator is adapted to:

determine posterior state occupancy probabilities for each state in the speaker data at each time;

determine posterior word occupancy probabilities by summing over all states interior to each word in the speaker data; and

determine at least one likeliest word at each frame of the speaker data.

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wherein said determining posterior state occupancy probabilities for each state in the speaker data at each time comprises the use of the following formula:

$$P(S_i = s | y_i^T) = \frac{\alpha'_s \beta'_s}{P(y_i^T)}$$

where $\alpha'_s = P(y_i^T, S_i=s)$ and $\beta'_s = P(y_{i+1}^T / S_i=s)$ for states s and a set of observations T , and where y_i^T represents T observation frames of adaptation data.

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19. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18, wherein said determining posterior word occupancy probabilities by summing over all states interior to each word in the speaker data comprises a determination using the following formula at each time frame:

$$\sum_{s \in w_i} \frac{\alpha'_s \beta'_s}{P(y_1^r)}$$

where w_i is the set of states in word W_i .